Presentation of Danida's support to development research – For UPR meeting on 7 April 2022/ELK

Introduction

For more than 40 years, Denmark has supported development research. The Law on International Development Cooperation defines as the objective of the support that it should strengthen research capacity and generate new knowledge in developing countries¹. In the development strategy 'The World We Share', the importance of partnerships between Danish universities and the research community in the global south is highlighted².

In this presentation, an overview of the various types of support is given. Ongoing activities are illustrated by information on the development during 2021. In the annexes, time series covering the past five years are found.

Historical overview

Direct support to research collaboration projects between researchers based in Denmark and researchers based in institutions in Danish partner countries has been the most continuous form of support. Over the years, this has been supplemented by many other types of support. The international agricultural research system (CGIAR) has, with the exception of a few years after 2016, been supported since the 1970s. A longstanding cooperation with initially three independent research centres³ and later University of Copenhagen Faculty of Life Sciences (in which the centres were integrated) ended in 2012. In 1989, an early initiative to support capacity development of research institutions in partner countries was launched (Enhancement of Research Capacity, ENRECA). This ended in 2008, and in 2011 a new research capacity development programme, Building Stronger Universities (BSU) was initiated. As follow-up to recommendations issued by the Danish government's Africa Commission, the UniBRAIN programme was launched in 2009 and provided support to innovation centres linking research institutions and the private sector. The programme ran until 2015. Until 2011, a number of Danish research networks were supported, and a programme to strengthen research, documentation, and communication about development results, ReCom, was funded from 2011 to 2014. Between 2008 and 2016, some 10 international research institutions (incl. Nordic Africa Institute in Uppsala, UNU-Wider in Helsinki and CODESRIA in Dakar) received funding from Denmark. Other minor support has been provided to studies mainly undertaken

¹ Law no. 555 dated 18 June 2012. According to §7 "With a view to strengthen research capacity and generate new knowledge in developing countries which can contribute to address development problems, the Minister for Development Cooperation can provide funding for research."

² The World We Share, 2021 p. 43: 'Universities and the research community'.

[&]quot;3 The Forest Landscape and Planning Centre, the Danish Seed Health Centre, and DBL- Centre for Health Research and Development.

by Danish research institutions, and Master, Ph.D. and Post.Doc. programmes for researchers from partner countries.

It has been an overall feature until around 2008 that emphasis was put on support channelled either to or through Danish institutions. The years 2008-2016 saw an increase in funding provided to institutions in partner countries in the form of direct support to research institutions, through the BSU programme, and to 'south-driven' research collaboration projects (the latter is further described below). During the past decade, it has been a deliberate strategy to focus the support on fewer types of support, and with the reduction of funding in 2015-16, only three types of support are currently active: 1) research collaboration projects with Danish institutions as applicants, 2) the BSU programme, and 3) support to CGIAR. More of the support is again channelled through Danish institutions.

In 2021, the total funding for development research was DKK 240 million (see the table in annex 1 for information on funds provided during 2017-2021 and expected grants in 2022-234).

Danish support to development research has been reviewed in 2001 and 2006. Two independent external evaluations were undertaken in 2013 and 2020⁵, respectively.

Research collaboration projects

Funding for research collaboration projects is granted on a competitive basis. The modality is often referred to as the 'FFU modality', since the assessment of incoming applications is made by the Consultative Research Committee for Development Research (FFU), which is a committee under Innovation Fund Denmark. For the members of FFU, see Annex 6.

Some 15 years ago, funding was provided to both research collaboration and individual research projects in Danida's priority countries. Later, it was decided to shift towards 'larger strategic programmes' with a duration of 5 years and grants of approx.. DKK 10 million to each project, including Ph.D.s and postdoctoral fellowships. In 2008, the 'south-driven approach' was tested in Vietnam and later applied in Tanzania, Ghana, and Nepal. Instead of Danish researchers taking the initiative to a research collaboration, designing the project, and applying for funds, researchers in the four mentioned countries had this role and invited Danish researchers to become part of a collaboration. For eight years until 2016, both south-driven and north-driven collaboration projects were supported. In 2016, a new type of research collaboration was introduced in relation to the Strategic Sector Cooperation (SSC) programme in growth and transition countries (now 'countries with targeted partnership'). The south-driven channel of funding was terminated, while the support to north-driven projects in traditional priority countries (now 'countries with extended partnership') continued in a

⁵ The most recent evaluation 'Evaluation of Danida Support to Development Research (2008-2018)' was undertaken by FCG and can be found at this link: Evaluation of Danida Support to Development Research (2008-2018) (um.dk)

⁴ In the Finance Act, support to development research is described under §06.38.02.19.

'window 1'. Research projects funded in relation to SSC activities were smaller (DKK 5 million) and had a duration of only 3 years, hence no Ph.D.s could be included. SSC-related research projects were applied for in a 'window 2'. For the application round in 2022, it has been decided to join the two windows into one, so that all applications are competing on the same basis, all having a duration of 5 years, and all with a grant of DKK 10 million.

Thematic areas for the research collaboration projects have varied over the years and have included themes such as agricultural production, climate change, conflict, peace and security, health, gender equality, growth and employment, and governance. In 2021, it was decided that the call for applications in window 1 should focus on sustainable development and climate change. This theme is expected to be maintained for the combined window 1 and 2 in the years to come.

In 2021, a total of 11 window 1 and 13 window 2 projects were funded and given a total amount of DKK 196,529,913. Annex 2 presents an overview of all applicant institutions, themes, and countries included in the projects granted in 2021.

The 2020 evaluation pointed out that there was insignificant attention to gender equality, both regarding the composition of research teams and regarding the research themes. The criticism is now followed up. Of the 11 projects in window 1 granted in 2021, five are led by a male project coordinator and six by a female project coordinator. In window 2, nine are led by a male project coordinator and four by a female project coordinator. See annex 3 for an overview of the distribution of male and female project coordinators during 2017-2021.

In the coming five years, 45 PhD students are planned to receive a degree as part of the window 1 projects granted in 2021.

Of all the ongoing projects, 10 have been granted under the theme 'Conflict, peace and security'. Danida Fellowship Centre (DFC) has recently piloted the use of storytelling to illustrate the outcome of research collaboration projects. In 2021, five research projects related to 'Conflict, peace and security' were selected. Interviews have been conducted with the project lead of each of the projects. The case story interviews in written form were supplemented by oral interviews focusing on questions relevant to each project.

The interviews are available at the DFC website via these links:

- Everyday justice and security in the Myanmar transition, Myanmar
- Governing Transition in Northern Uganda: Trust and land, Uganda
- Including Pastoralism in Community Forests, Tanzania
- Access-Authority Nexus in Farmer-Herder Conflicts, Ghana
- Rights and Resilience in Kenya (RARE), Kenya

The <u>Danida Research Portal</u> maintained by DFC provides information about all ongoing projects and projects completed since 2011. The search function offers overviews according to countries, themes, institutions, and names of the researchers.

Building Stronger Universities programme

The objective of the Building Stronger Universities (BSU) programme is to strengthen the capacity to undertake research in selected universities in partner countries. While research collaboration grants fund specific research activities, there is often a need to strengthen the research environment in the form of e.g. library facilities, research laboratories, curriculum for Ph.D. education, ICT, administrative procedures, and financial management of research projects.

The first phase was launched in 2011 as a collaboration between Danish universities and 11 institutions in five countries in the global south. After a critical review, the second phase of the programme from 2014 adopted a south-driven modality in the sense that university partners in Uganda, Tanzania, Ghana and Nepal defined their wish for support. This was used as the basis for a match-making process, where Danish universities entered into coalitions to offer their support before joint projects were prepared.

The third phase of the programme (BSU3) has been ongoing since 2017 and continues the south-driven approach. It consists of six partnerships led by universities in Uganda, Tanzania, and Ghana⁶ which all have partners across universities in Denmark. The strategic objective of BSU3 is that "African universities will enhance their role as providers of education and research and their outreach to society", while the thematic objectives is that "BSU3 will contribute to i) enhanced learning and graduation, ii) more and better organised research, and iii) more university interaction with the private and public sector". The BSU3 budget for 2017-2022 is DKK 90 million.

The results of the BSU programmes were rated highly by the independent evaluation of support to development research in 2020. This was confirmed by an internal review undertaken by DFC in 2021. Among the achievements, it has been mentioned that BSU shows significant impact on the capacity and quality of lecturers in teaching and research aspects. External funding opportunities, on which the universities are heavily dependent, have been improved, and the programme has contributed to the establishment of several research Centers of Excellence.

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⁶ Currently, the following universities are part of BSU3: the University of Ghana (Legon), the Kwame Nkrumah University of Science and Technology (KNUST, Kumasi, Ghana), Gulu University in northern Uganda, the Kilimanjaro Christian Medical University College (Moshi, Tanzania), Sokoine University of Agriculture (Morogoro, Tanzania) and the State University of Zanzibar (SUZA).

In 2021, a call for applications for new activities on health and fragility (COVID-19 funds) was launched for BSU3 project partners. The call invited applications for capacity development of health care workers/professionals and knowledge exchange related to the COVID-19 pandemic. Eight applications were received, and three projects were granted a total of DKK 16.1 million.

Preparation of a new five-year phase of the BSU programme is being initiated with a particular focus on East African partnerships, building on the collaboration with Gulu University in Uganda and with the State University of Zanzibar (SUZA, Tanzania). Strengthened capacities for research at smaller universities in fragile countries and regions are important for overall economic growth, natural resource management, improved governance, etc. With this objective in mind, the new programme will include a possible partnership with Somaliland. The 'south-south' dimension and regional collaboration will have particular emphasis in the future programme. It is expected to support collaboration between each of the three targeted universities and university partners in Kenya and other countries in the region. Thus, not only Danish universities (and coalitions) will provide support to the three universities. Each of them will also be offered the possibility to establish twinning arrangements with one or more regional universities. A tentative budget of DKK 70 million is expected for the funding of a 5-year programme, 2023-2027.

CGIAR – the international research network for a food-secure future

Building on the longstanding cooperation, a grant of DKK 30 million for core funding to CGIAR was provided in 2020 for the years 2020-2022. This was funded by the Climate Change Envelope and was given with reference to the Organisation Strategy for the organisation of which the most recent version was approved in 2020. In December 2021, with the consent of the UPR chairmanship, an additional amount of DKK 19.1 million was given to CGIAR.

Although Denmark is among the smaller players in the donor group to CGIAR, the fact that funding is provided as multiannual and core funding makes the Danish contribution particularly important for the network.

Since 2019 a reform of the international food and agricultural partnership has been underway, "towards one CGIAR", aiming to enhance the results of common research programmes across the CGIAR research centres and to improve efficiency.

CGIAR's 'Trust Fund' is managed by the World Bank. The Ministry of Foreign Affairs (ELK) has consultations with CGIAR to follow up on the Danish contribution. The dialogue takes place in 'CGIAR System Council' where all bilateral and multilateral donors, and Bill and Melinda Gates Foundation are represented. ELK participated in the most recent System Council meeting which took place in early March 2022 in Montpellier.

Danida Fellowship Centre

In 2008, the responsibility for administration of Danida's support to development research was added to the tasks of DFC, which is also responsible for the administration of travel and accommodation for foreign Ph.D. students in research projects, and for supporting alumni networks among previous Danida fellows.

In 2020, DFC received a 'Knowledge in Action grant' of DKK 3 million (2020-2022) which provides support for dissemination of research findings through science communications and engagement training for researchers and journalist, as well as support for workshops, knowledge sharing platforms, labs, events and visits between research projects and policy makers and practitioners. All with the aim of securing a better up-take of research results.

Among the activities in 2021 were the following:

- Online training in science communication to popular/social media (Science for the Public. Bridging the Gap) was held in April 2021 for researchers from Asia. In total, 27 researchers and PhD students from Vietnam, India, Turkey, Nepal, Bangladesh and Denmark participated.
- Online training in engagement, influencing and impact, focusing on strengthening researchers' ability to plan an impact strategy, why and how to engage with stakeholders, how to make a good research/policy brief etc. was held in September and repeated in November 2021 due to high interest. In total 80 researchers took part in the training. See video about the training.
- In a collaboration with Danish Water Forum conference 2021, DFC contacted all project coordinators of Danida-funded research focusing on water resources and encouraged them to submit abstracts and make presentations at the conference. As a result, research findings of five research projects were presented under the heading 'International research cooperation in Africa'.

A Review of DFC's strategic, programmatic, and organisational priorities, set-up and capacity to pursue development outcomes, cost-efficiency, and effectiveness is scheduled in April-May 2022. ELK will be leading a team also comprising two external consultants.

Annex 1: Funding for development research, 2017-23 (DKK million)

	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	Notes
						projected	projected	
FFU window 1	79	170	140	160	132			1
(extended partnership)								
FFU window 2 (SSC)	55	50	50	50	65			2
Total FFU	134	220	190	210	197	210	210	3
competitive grants								
BSU third phase,	90							4
2017-22								
Covid-19 health					16			5
research								
CGIAR				30	19		90	6
BSU proposed new 5-							70	7
year phase								
DFC Knowledge in				3				
Action								
DFC admin. incl.	6	5	10	7	8	10	10	
FFU								
Total	230	225	200	250	240	220	380	

Notes

- 1. Includes grants for 'south driven' projects with partners in Ghana and Tanzania.
- 2. SSC = Strategic sector cooperation countries ("myndighedssamarbejde")
- 3. From 2022, there are no longer separate windows for FFU project grants.
- 4. The mid-term review of BSU3 recommended a no-cost extension to end 2022.
- 5. Pandemic-related research and training with selected partners in East Africa, allocated for 2022-24 from the fourth Covid-19 special assistance package.
- 6. Grant to the CGLAR partnership for 2020-22 was allocated from the climate change envelope ("klimapuljen"). A new grant is proposed for 2023-25 (DKK 90 million).
- 7. Proposed new BSU programme programme in East Africa from 2023 (under preparation).

Annex 2 – Granted projects in 2021

Danida expanded cooperation countries (Window 1)

The thematic focus for this Call is "Sustainable development and climate change".

Project Coordinator	Applicant Institution	Partner Institutions (South)	Project Title	Partner Countries
Max Nielsen	University of Copenhagen with Danish Technical University (DTU)	Patuakhali Science and Technology University (PSTU - Bangladesh), Bangladesh Agricultural University (BAU - Bangladesh)	Climate-friendly and climate-resilient prawn farming in Bangladesh (ECOPRAWN)	Bangladesh
Lone Dirckinck- Holmfeld	Aalborg University with University of Copenhagen (UCPH)	Gulu University (GU - Uganda), Amuru District (Uganda), Adjumani District (Uganda), Adjumani Refugee Camp (Uganda), Gulu City (Uganda), Appropriate Energy Saving Technologies LTD (AEST - Uganda), Pabo Town Council (Uganda)	Unlocking the Potential of Green CHArcoal in Northern Uganda (UPCHAIN)	Uganda
Torben Birch- Thomsen	University of Copenhagen with Institute for Environment and Development (IIED - United Kingdom)	University of Dar es Salaam (UDSM - Tanzania)	The role of rural-urban linkages for enhanced climate resilience in rural Tanzania (RUL4CLI)	Tanzania

Project Coordinator	Applicant Institution	Partner Institutions (South)	Project Title	Partner Countries
Louise Moe	University of Southern Denmark with Danish Institute for International Studies (DIIS) and Roskilde University (RUC)	University of Hargeisa (UOH - Somalia), University of Nairobi (UoN - Kenya), Social Research and Development Institute (SORADI - Somaliland)	Pastoralist Climate Change Resilience in Somaliland (PACCS)	Somalia (Somaliland)
Karin Schiøler	University of Copenhagen with The Royal Danish Academy of Fine Arts (KADK)	State University of Zanzibar (SUZA - Tanzania), Kilimanjaro Clinical Research Institute (KCRI - Tanzania), Public Health Laboratory Ivo de Carneri (PHLIdC - Tanzania), Mnazi Mmoja Hospital (Tanzania), Ministry of Health Zanzibar (MOHZ - Tanzania), SACIDS Foundation for One Health, Sokoine University of Agriculture (SUA - Tanzania)	Building resilience to climate-sensitive mosquito-borne viral diseases: preventing hospital-acquired infections and their epidemic spread through integrated mosquito control and sentinel surveillance in Zanzibar hospitals	Tanzania
Britt Pinkowski Tersbøl	University of Copenhagen	University of Dar es Salaam (UDSM - Tanzania), State University of Zanzibar (SUZA - Tanzania)	"Himili Pamoja" - Gendered Encounters in Climate Change Adaptation in Tanzania	Tanzania
Irini Angelidaki	Technical University of Denmark	Nelson Mandela African Institute of Science and Technology (NM- AIST - Tanzania), Pwani University (Kenya)	(AgroVal) Sustainable valorisation of agro-industrial residues through integration of food, bioproducts and bio-energy production	Kenya, Tanzania

Project Coordinator	Applicant Institution	Partner Institutions (South)	Project Title	Partner Countries
Yifeng Zhang	Technical University of Denmark with INNITI ApS (Denmark), Kvasir Technologies ApS (Denmark)	Centre National de la Recherche Scientifique et Technologique (CNRST - Burkina Faso), DAFANI SA (Burkina Faso), Expertise-For-Sens-and- Empowerment (EFSE - Burkina Faso), SANLE EXPORT SECHAGE (Burkina Faso), Regional Maritime University (RMU - Ghana), University of Ghana (UG - Ghana)	Carbon cApture for microbial Protein synthesis in Burkina Faso (CAP-BFA)	Burkina Faso
Goutam Sahana	Aarhus University with University of Copenhagen (UCPH)	Makerere University (MAK - Uganda), University of Nairobi (UoN - Kenya), Jomo Kenyatta University of Agriculture and Technology (JKUAT - Kenya), International Centre for Insect Physiology and Ecology (ICIPE - Kenya), InsectiPro (Kenya), Marula Proteen Ltd (Uganda)	Sustainable and efficient insect production for livestock feed through selective breeding (FLYgene)	Kenya, Uganda

Project Coordinator	Applicant Institution	Partner Institutions (South)	Project Title	Partner Countries
Mohammad Rana	Aalborg University with Access2innovation (Denmark), Global Fashion Agenda (GFA - Denmark), Roskilde University (RUC), University of Essex (United Kingdom), and University of London (SOAS - United Kingdom)	Ahsanullah University of Science and Technology (AUST - Bangladesh), Bangladesh Garment Manufacturers and Exporters Association (BGMEA - Bangladesh), University of Dhaka (DU - Bangladesh)	Circular Economy in Bangladesh's Apparel Industry (CREATE)	Bangladesh
Maj Munch Andersen	University of Copenhagen with: Technical University of Denmark (DTU), Danish Technological Institute (DTI)	University of Nairobi (UoN - Kenya), Jomo Kenyatta University of Agriculture and Technology (JKUAT - Kenya), African Centre for Technology Studies (ACTS - Kenya), Kenya Association of Manufacturers (KAM - Kenya)	Circular Retrofitting for Sustainable Industrialization (GeckoCIR)	Kenya

Growth and Transition Countries (Window 2)

Project Coordinator	Applicant Institution	Partner Institutions (South)	Project Title	Theme: Country
Lise Herslund	University of Copenhagen	University of Cape Town (UCT - South Africa)	Pathways to water resilient South African cities (PaWS) 2.0 – Harnessing blue-green infrastructure to achieve water sensitive futures	Water resources, including urban water: South Africa
Paul Stacey	Roskilde University	University of Ghana (UG - Ghana)	SWASH (Sustainable Water Systems for Ghana)	Water resources, including urban water: Ghana
Tine Mette Gammeltoft	University of Copenhagen with University of Southern Denmark (SDU) and Novo Nordisk A/S (Denmark)	Thai Binh University of Medicine and Pharmacy (TBUMP - Vietnam), NCD Division, General Department of Preventive Medicine, Ministry of Health (Vietnam), HRP Alliance for Research Capacity Strengthening, Western Pacific Regional Hub (WHO - Vietnam)	Living Together with Chronic Disease: Informal Support for Diabetes Management in Vietnam (VALID): Phase II - Gestational Diabetes in Vietnam	Health systems including occupational health and safety (OHS): Vietnam

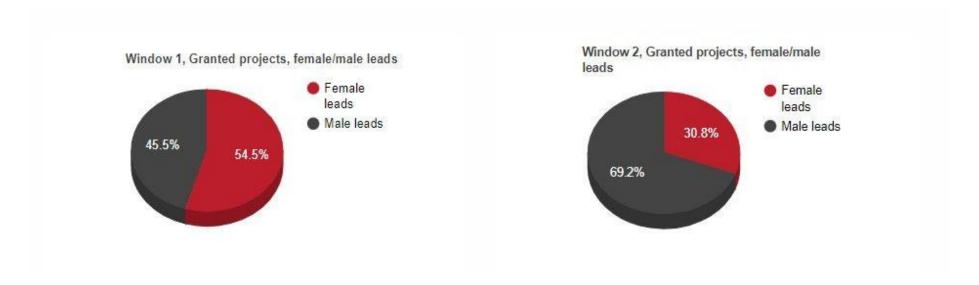
Project Coordinator	Applicant Institution	Partner Institutions (South)	Project Title	Theme: Country
Annette Skovsted Hansen	Aarhus University	University of Ghana (UG - Ghana)	Port Effectiveness and Public Private Cooperation for Competitiveness (PEPP II)	Maritime development: Ghana
Ivan Nygaard	Danish Technical University with Wind Denmark (Denmark)	Universitas Indonesia (UI - Indonesia), Universitas Prasetiya Mulya (Indonesia), Dala Institute (Indonesia), University of Cape Town (UCT - South Africa), PT PLN (Persero - Indonesia), Indonesia Renewable Energy Society (IRES - Indonesia)	Towards a just energy transition in Indonesia (JUSTIN)	Renewable energy: Indonesia
Amjad Anvari- Moghaddam	Aalborg University With University of Southern Denmark (SDU) and Blue Power Partners (Denmark)	Universitas Gadjah Mada (UGM - Indonesia), Ministry of Energy and Mineral Resources (MEMR - Indonesia), State Electricity Company (Indonesia), Provincial Government of NTB Province (Indonesia), Environment and Forestry Agency (Indonesia)	Market-driven Multi- Energy Operational Planning in Indonesia – MARGIN	Renewable energy: Indonesia
Katja Lindskov Jacobsen	University of Copenhagen with Danish Institute for International Studies (DIIS)	Centre for Maritime Law and Security (CEMLAWS - Ghana), Stakeholder Democracy Network (Nigeria)	(Counter-)Piracy infrastructures in the Gulf of Guinea (COPIGOG)	Maritime development: Ghana

Project Coordinator	Applicant Institution	Partner Institutions (South)	Project Title	Theme: Country	
Karsten Høgh Jensen	University of Copenhagen with Geological Survey of Denmark and Greenland (GEUS), Grundfos Holding A/S (Denmark) and Auburn University (United States of America)	University of Pretoria (UP - South Africa), International Water Management Institute (IWMI - South Africa), University of the Western Cape (UWC - South Africa), EkoSource (South Africa)	Enhancing Sustainable Groundwater Use in South Africa – ESGUSA- 2	Water resources, including urban water: South Africa	
Gregor Giebel	Technical University of Denmark with Enfor A/S (Denmark)	Cairo University (CU – Egypt)	FREE - Forecasting Renewable Energy in Egypt	Renewable energy: Egypt	
Peter Engelund Holm	University of Copenhagen	Stellenbosch University (SU - South Africa), University of Witwatersrand (WITS - South Africa)	Environmentally and economically sustainable water treatment system for post-mining waste	Environment, including manufacturing, urban development and waste: South Africa	
Dewan Ahsan	University of Southern Denmark	Ahsanullah University of Science and Technology (AUST - Bangladesh)	Sustainable Leather Tanning Industry in Bangladesh: Integrating Lean and Institutional Logics into OHS Management (SusLeather)	Health systems including occupational health and safety (OHS): Bangladesh	

Project Coordinator	Applicant Institution	Partner Institutions (South)	Project Title	Theme: Country
René Poulsen	Copenhagen Business School	University of Nairobi (UoN - Kenya), Institute for Law and Environmental Governance (ILEG - Kenya)	Environmental Maritime Governance in Kenya (EMG-K): Policy, Practice and Prospects for the Abatement of Shipping Air Emissions	Maritime development: Kenya
Fredrik Haglind	Technical University of Denmark with Alfa Laval Copenhagen A/S (Denmark)	The American University in Cairo (AUC - Egypt), Zewail City of Science and Technology (Egypt), Engineering for the Petroleum & Process Industries (ENPPI - Egypt), New and Renewable Energy Authority (Egypt)	Sustainable large-scale energy storage in Egypt	Renewable energy: Egypt

Annex 3: Number of applications and granted project divided by male or female Project Coordinator

	2017		2018		2019		2020		2021		
Applications C		Grants	Applications	Grants	Applications	Grants	Applications	Grants	Applications	Grants	
Male-led	206	15	144	15	146	15	161	21	104	14	
Female-led	50	7	50	8	42	7	33	3	34	10	
Total number of projects	256	22	194	23	188	22	194	24	144	24	



Annex 4: Distribution of North-driven applications by Danish institution. Share of applications (% of total number of applications) and granted projects (% of total number of granted projects).

(A =Applied, G=granted)

	201	14	20	15	20	17	20	18	20	19	20	20	20	21
	A	G	A	G	A	G	A	G	A	G	A	G	A	G
University of Copenhagen	31	33	23	0	41	47	39	40	32	53	28	19	33	42
University of Aarhus	13	11	13	20	10	5	16	5	16	11	19	10	20	8
Roskilde University	8	11	10	20	2	0	1	0	5	11	1	0	2	4
Danish Inst. for Int. Studies	5	11	3	20	2	5	3	15	-	-	3	14	1	4
The Danish Inst. for Hum. Rights	-	-	-	1	1	5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Statens Serum Institut	-	-	-	-	1	0	1	0	-	-	-	-	-	-
The Geological Survey for Denmark and Greenland	3	0	-	-	1	5	-	-	-	-	1	5	1	0
Technical University of Denmark	15	11	3	0	18	26	14	15	15	5	13	19	14	21
Aalborg University	15	22	17	0	10	0	10	5	11	11	15	19	7	13
University of Southern Denmark	3	0	10	0	6	0	7	0	2	5	10	5	10	8
Odense University Hospital	-	-	-	-	2	0	-	-	1	0	1	0	-	-
Rigshospitalet	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	0	1	0	-	-	-	-

The School of														
Visual Arts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	0	-	-
Dignity -The														
Danish														
Institute	-	-	3	20	1	5	-	-	-	-	_	0	1	0
Against											_	U	1	
Torture														
Copenhagen														
Business	-	-	13	20	3	0	5	20	10	5	5	10	7	4
School											7	10	/	T
Danish														
Technological	5	0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	_	_		
Institute											_	_	-	_
Danish														
Meteorologica	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	_	_	_	
l Institute											_	1	_	
Danish														
Hydraulic	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	_	_	_	
Institute											_	1	_	
Royal Danish														
Defence	3	0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	_	_	_	_
College														
Other	-	-	7	0	4	0	4	0	1	0	2	0	4	0
Total														
number	41	9	30	5	135	19	116	20	96	19	109	22	144	24
(=100%)														

Annex 5: Overview of countries involved in window 1 and window 2 – Ongoing projects as of January 2022

Some projects cover several countries, so the total number does not correspond to total number of ongoing projects. The table also includes projects granted in 2021, starting up in 2022.

Afghanistan	1 (on hold)
Bangladesh	7
Brazil	2
Burkina Faso	4
China	3
Colombia	3
Egypt	4
Ethiopia	8
Ghana	31
India	2
Indonesia	7
Kenya	17
Mali	2
Mexico	2 5
Myanmar	
Nepal	1
Somalia	2
South Africa	15
Tanzania	27
Turkey	2
Uganda	9
Vietnam	7
Total no. of	
countries: 22	

Since 2019, Danida has not granted new grants to projects with partners in China, India, Brazil, Colombia, Mexico, and Turkey.

Annex 6: The Consultative Research Committee

The FFU appointed for 2022- 2024 has the following members:

- Professor, PhD, Mr. Christian Lund, University of Copenhagen, Chairman
- Professor, PhD, Ms. Lotte Meinert, Aarhus University, Deputy Chairman
- Associate Professor, PhD, Mr. Erik Skov Madsen, University of Southern Denmark (Odense)
- Associate professor, PhD, Ms. Christine Noe, University of Dar es Salaam
- Professor, PhD, Mr. John Christensen, Sustainable Development Center, Yonsei University (South Korea)
- Senior researcher, PhD, Ms. Helene Maria Kyed, Danish Institute for International Studies (DIIS)
- Professor, PhD, Ms. Anja Kaarina Nygren, University of Helsinki
- Associate Professor, PhD, Mr. Ola Westengen, Norwegian University of Life Sciences (NMBU)
- Head of Department, PhD, Ms. Tove Degnbol, the Ministry of Foreign Affairs of Denmark