Annex E: Case study sampling

As set out in the Inception Report, three country case studies and four institutional case studies were selected to explore the TOR questions of effectiveness in achieving gender equality results as well as the relevance and coherence across programmes and overall objectives posed by different types of settings for both targeted and mainstreamed gender equality work. Two country case studies were framed as 'major' cases, with the Mali country case and two institutional cases framed as 'medium' (UNFPA and UNICEF) and two institutional cases framed as 'minor' (GCF and MSI).

The country case studies included a high-level overview of the Country Programme, seeking information on: relevance to Danish priorities; coherence with the broader programme; methods and strategies for addressing gender equality; and evidence of GE targeted activities, mainstreaming approaches and disaggregated data.

The institutional case studies focused on the value added to gender approaches of the high-level MFA relationship, on global dialogue undertaken in the course of this relationship, and on any outcomes thereof. They also sought an overview of strategies for and approaches to gender transformational outcomes; information collected (at country level) related to specific selected focus projects (see below) is intended to further understand how those approaches are operationalised and provide indicative validation of programme activities.

To the extent possible, the evaluation has reviewed available information to the broader country programme. For each case a selection has been made of focus 'deep dive' projects through which to understand in more depth the approaches to addressing gender equality used and the results achieved – in particular the extent to which these are gender transformative. The sampling of these focus projects/programmes was purposive and seeks to assemble groups of projects covering the following:

- the three **thematic areas** as stated in the TOR: governance; SRHR/GBV; climate change/green transition;
- gender-targeted and gender-mainstreamed funding approaches (gender-targeted programmes should seek to be broader than captured through the SRHR/GBV theme);
- the **full period** of the evaluation, 2014-2021;
- the different **funding modalities** within countries (bilateral, multi-bi, earmarked multilateral, non-bilateral fund instruments);
- different types of partners and other stakeholders, including government ministries, national non-governmental organisations (NGOs)/CSOs, international non-governmental organisations (INGOs), private sector, multilateral;
- a range of fund envelope sizes: small/medium/large; and
- a combination of projects that have been initially reported as **'good'** or 'interesting' practice and projects reported as **challenging** or integrating gender weakly.

For reasons of efficiency and maximising the density of information in each country case and the potential for triangulation, the sampling also sought out areas of overlap between the multilateral and international organisation studies and country cases. Via literature review and scoping interviews, a selection was made to best cover the criteria stated above.

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	Sanitation component of 2015-16 WASH project	Transition programme	Mali	UNICEF
PA UNICEF	Protection and care of girls and boys victims or at risk of child rights' violations in Mali: 2019-2020	Multi-Bi	Mali	UNICEF
	Support to UNICEF's integrated First Response to COVID-19	Multi-Bi	Mali	UNICEF
	Humanitarian support contributing to UNICEF's WASH interventions, 2019-20	Multi-Bi	Burkina	UNICEF
	UNFPA Innovation Initiative	Earmarked	Bangladesh, Mali, Pakistan, Sudan	UNFPA
FT.				
UNFPA	UNFPA – Maternal and Child Health (RMNDAH)	Multi-Bi	Kenya	UNFPA
UNF		Multi-Bi Earmarked	Kenya	UNFPA UNFPA
	(RMNDAH)		Kenya Kenya	
Green Climate Fund UNF	(RMNDAH) SRHR in humanitarian settings FP 113 Kenya – Towards Ending Drought Emergencies: ecosystem-based adaptation in Kenya's arid and semi-arid	Earmarked	·	UNFPA
	(RMNDAH) SRHR in humanitarian settings FP 113 Kenya – Towards Ending Drought Emergencies: ecosystem-based adaptation in Kenya's arid and semi-arid rangelands, IUCN FP 114 Programme on Affirmative Finance Action for Women in Africa (AFAWA): financing climate resilient	Earmarked Core	Kenya	UNFPA