## **Annex 2: Evaluation Matrix**

OECD Category	PORTFOLIO ANALYSIS QUESTIONS
Relevance	
1. Internal Alignment	1a. How well does the project fit within Denmark's climate change portfolio objectives (as set out in the intervention logic)?
	1b. Is there a project log frame, intervention logic or other intervention logic that explicitly links project outputs to wider Danish climate objectives?
	1c. Does the project support the delivery of wider Danish development objectives?
2. External Alignment	2a. Did the project respond to a specific demand or need identified by recipient countries or partners?
	2b. What is the evidence of consultation with partners and/or end beneficiaries in the design and funding of the project?
	2c. How does the project respond to the international agenda on climate change (mitigation/adaptation), including funds being new and additional?
Efficiency	
3. Reducing Costs	3a. What was the financial or economic rationale for choosing management structures and implementation modalities? What other options were considered?  3b. Have envisaged project resources (financial, technical) been made available
	during implementation and deployed according to plan, and if not why?
	3c. Is there evidence of Value for Money (VFM) assessment in programme design and implementation? If so, summarize the results.
4. Maximizing synergies:	4a. Is project administration and delivery integrated and aligned with other Danish development finance (e.g. country programmes, Poverty Frame/Poverty Frame to share costs or avoid duplication?
	4b. Has the project maximized delivery opportunities by aligning with other non-Danish programmes or institutions?
	4c. What benefits has alignment brought in terms of efficiency and cost control?
Effectiveness	
5. Delivering Results:	5a. Does the project have an effective monitoring and evaluation system that can identify and report results over time?
	5b. How effective has project been in achieving its expected outputs and outcomes? Provide examples of results where possible.
	5c. What have been the key success factors and barriers to achieving envisaged outputs and outcomes? Have there been any external factors (both positive and negative)?
6. Mobilising resources:	6a. To what extent has the project sought to mobilise additional public or private sector finance (both national and international)? Has it been successful?
	6b. Has the project engaged with the Danish public or private sector (in terms of leveraging expertise, technology or partnerships)? With what success?
	6c. To what extent has the project sought to mobilise 3 <sup>rd</sup> party expertise or technology outside of Denmark ( <i>e.g.</i> south-south)? If so, has it been successful?
Impacts	

7. Contribution:	7a.Does the project have systems for effective ex-post monitoring and reporting of project impacts?
	7b. Can the project demonstrate that the planned impacts have been or are likely to be achieved within the expected timeframe? Provide examples.
	7c. What are the key (potential) barriers to achieving the desired impacts (e.g. institutional, policy, political, economic)?
8. Attribution/ Influence:	8a. How significant has been the Danish role in mobilising the project and helping it to achieve the expected results (e.g. sole funder, project initiator, partnership facilitator)?
	8b. Where other partners have been involved, can the Danish contribution to the project be considered greater (e.g. as a cornerstone investor, design influencer, active partner) or smaller (passive donor) than its pro-rata share of resources contributed?
	8c. Have there been any significant external/non-project factors that might contribute to achieving the project impacts (e.g. changes in policy or finance). Summarize.
	8d. How influential has Danish climate change funding been in norm setting and in guiding policy development?
Sustainability	
9. External	9a. What evidence exists that that the project outcomes and impacts will be sustained beyond the supported period?
	9b. How effectively has the project been able to create systemic and transformative change for the longer term (e.g. policies, finance, and markets)? Provide examples.
	9c. In addition to direct project beneficiaries, are a wider set of stakeholders likely to benefit from the project outcomes once completed? If so, who and how?
10. Internal	10a. How effectively has the project been able to capture lessons learned to inform course correction and future programme design? How effectively have the project outputs influenced institutional capacity? Provide examples.
	10b. Has the project used a knowledge management/communication strategy to transfer project lessons and best practices to the wider Danish climate community, including mainstreaming into development cooperation?
	10c. What potential lessons and opportunities have arisen from the project, which might be considered for future climate change funding from 2014 onwards?