

**THE FEDERATIVE REPUBLIC OF BRAZIL – THE KINGDOM OF DENMARK  
STRATEGIC PARTNERSHIP DIALOGUE 2026-2031**

Considering the historical ties and strong partnership between Brazil and Denmark, dating back to 1828, when our nations laid the foundations for our bilateral relations by signing a Treaty on Trade and Navigation;

Reaffirming our shared commitment to democracy, international law, including human rights, and multilateralism with the United Nations at its core;

Recognizing the urgent need for joint action to address global challenges, including the protection of human rights, the strengthening of multilateral institutions and international law, climate change mitigation and adaptation, the conservation and sustainable use of biodiversity, just energy transition, and the promotion of sustainable development in its economic, social, and environmental dimensions;

Emphasizing the significance of bilateral agreements in key areas such as economic and industrial cooperation, climate change, renewable energy and energy efficiency, and sustainable agriculture, which reflect the long-standing commitment of both countries to advancing these shared priorities; and

Deciding to enhance bilateral cooperation under the principles and objectives set forth in this Framework for Strategic Partnership.

**Pillars of Cooperation**

1. Advancing actions against climate change, biodiversity loss and deforestation;
2. Strengthening cooperation for more efficient, sustainable and healthier societies;
3. Promoting democracy, peace and security, and international cooperation; and
4. Strengthening bilateral economic ties.

**1. Advancing actions against climate change, biodiversity loss and deforestation**

Accelerating actions against climate change and biodiversity loss is a key priority for Brazil and Denmark. Both countries reaffirm their commitment to deliver on the 2030 Agenda for Sustainable Development, to halt the decline in biodiversity in line with the Convention on Biological Diversity and the Kunming-Montreal Global Biodiversity Framework adopted at CBD COP-15, to keep global warming below 1.5°C in line with the Paris Agreement, and to address climate change by strengthening global efforts on mitigation, adaptation and response to loss and damage.

Brazil and Denmark agree to:

**1.1.** Strengthen collaboration in support of sustainable development in multilateral arenas, including the Conference of the Parties of the United Nations Framework Convention on Climate Change (UNFCCC), the United Nations' Convention on Biological Diversity (UNCBD), the NDC Partnership mechanism, the Global Offshore Wind Alliance (GOWA) and other relevant fora.

**1.2.** Continue and strengthen cooperation through the Brazil-Denmark Energy Partnership Programme for a just and inclusive energy transition, underscoring the benefits to the climate and society.

**1.3.** Cooperate on forest and biodiversity conservation, sustainable use, sustainable management and restoration, and combatting deforestation drivers through the Amazon Fund as well as building international alliances to raise awareness and support to countries with tropical forests to prevent global deforestation and enhance sustainable forest management, including through the development of innovative financial mechanisms, as well as through technical and scientific cooperation, technology transfer and capacity building and promoting sustainable agricultural development and support efforts to eradicate poverty of forest-dependent communities.

**1.4.** Explore other options to deepen partnerships and alliances within climate and biodiversity actions, including on adaptation, in the coming years, as well as to engage the private sector and private finance in the fight against climate change and biodiversity loss.

**2. Strengthening cooperation for more efficient, sustainable and healthier societies**

This strategic partnership, including through the Strategic Sector Cooperation programmes and the Brazil-Denmark Energy Partnership Programme, builds on years of collaboration in health, innovation and digital government, intellectual property rights, energy transition, and sustainable cities. Over the years, these government-to-government partnerships have ensured and continue to ensure deep knowledge-sharing and rich discussions of best practices between the involved authorities and stand as a key element in our strong and sustainable bilateral relations. Both countries also recognise and encourage cultural, educational

and scientific exchanges taking place between universities, cultural and research institutions, as well as the significant private initiatives to promote exchange between the two countries.

Brazil and Denmark agree to:

**2.1.** Continue, where appropriate, government-to-government partnerships through e.g. enhanced strategic sector cooperation within efficient and resilient health systems, a just and inclusive energy transition, intellectual property rights, digital government and governmental innovation, and sustainable cities, exploring possible ways to expand activities.

**2.2.** Systematically cooperate on promoting sustainable food systems and on bioeconomy, including bio solutions and biotechnology, precision agriculture, sustainable food processing, and food safety, and explore cooperation on converting degraded pasturelands into carbon sinks, in accordance with the Memorandum of Understanding signed in 2024.

**2.3.** Expand cooperation in the promotion of sustainable fuels to decarbonize hard-to-abate transport sectors, particularly in the maritime sector, and continue to promote the exchange of knowledge and best practices, including through technical dialogues within the International Maritime Organisation (IMO).

**2.4.** Strengthen dialogue on digital transition and e-government, promoting joint initiatives for efficient and secure digitalization of public services in general and in sector specific areas such as health.

### **3. Promoting democracy, peace and security, and international cooperation**

As like-minded democratic countries, Brazil and Denmark reaffirm the importance of increased cooperation and dialogue bilaterally and multilaterally to address the shared challenges of our time. Both countries remain committed to working to restore trust in multilateralism and reform global governance institutions by making them more representative, more inclusive and thus more effective and responsive to current global needs.

In this context, Brazil and Denmark agree to work together in relevant fora to:

**3.1.** Intensify bilateral dialogue on issues discussed at the UN Security Council and generally intensify coordination in the UN when it comes to issues such as territorial integrity, peaceful settlement of disputes, human rights and fundamental freedoms, democracy, information integrity, international humanitarian law and protection of civilians in armed conflict, and the women, peace and security agenda.

**3.2.** Join efforts to support and promote the multilateral system, based on international law and on the peaceful resolution of disputes through multilateralism and diplomacy, as well as advance the reform of global governance institutions in order to promote greater and more meaningful participation of developing countries in their decision-making bodies, including by expanding the UN Security Council in both categories of membership.

**3.3.** Ensure concrete progress is achieved in the discussions on UN reform by the 80<sup>th</sup> anniversary of the United Nations, stressing the urgency of the need to review, restructure, and revitalise the UN system to make it fit for purpose and capable of delivering for all across the three UN pillars.

**3.4.** Promote and protect human rights, including through the fight against racism, racial discrimination, xenophobia and related intolerance.

**3.5.** Ensure that gender equality is addressed as a cross-cutting issue.

**3.6.** Work towards strengthening bi-regional collaboration, including through successful EU-CELAC Summits, as well as comprehensive and ambitious Summit Declarations.

#### **4. Strengthening bilateral economic ties**

As important partners in the economic field, Denmark and Brazil will work towards strengthening cooperation in trade, investment, and innovation in areas of mutual interests to our governments and businesses.

Brazil and Denmark agree to:

**4.1.** Continue exploring trade opportunities in key sectors such as renewable energy, sustainable fuels, maritime, life science and agriculture, without prejudging any technology pathway.

**4.2.** Explore the usage of the framework of the EU Global Gateway and other relevant national and international instruments, financial and non-financial, to create conditions conducive to increased investments, particularly within areas prioritised by the Brazilian government, as well as in the bilateral trade of goods and services.

**4.3.** Actively work towards strengthening trade relations between Brazil and Denmark, and between Brazil and the European Union, through relevant trade instruments, including the ratification and successful implementation of the EU-Mercosur partnership agreement.

### **Evaluation Framework and possible expansion of areas of cooperation**

The progress of this strategic partnership will be assessed annually through political consultations between the Ministries of Foreign Affairs of Brazil and Denmark, as well as other agencies and experts, when relevant.

The countries will engage in regular exchanges in order to identify opportunities and develop practical cooperation within the established pillars, and share assessments of mutually important international developments. After five (5) years of implementation, the progress of the Strategic Partnership will be re-evaluated in order to ensure the continued relevance of the shared priorities, as well as a timely recalibration and, not least, the opportunity to renew or expand areas of cooperation.

To ensure the effectiveness of the Strategic Partnership, an Action Plan will be developed to define concrete initiatives and benchmark progress. New areas of cooperation may be proposed during annual political consultations if of mutual interest and mutually agreed. After the political consultations, the Action Plan will be revised if need be.

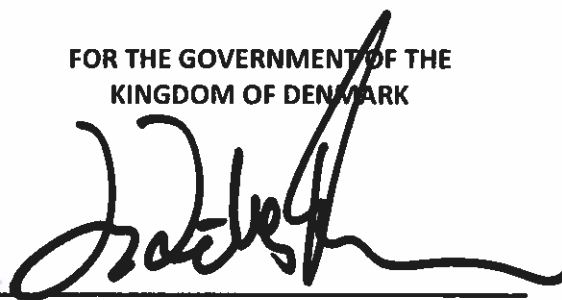
Signed in New York on **22 SEP. 2026**, in two (2) original copies in Portuguese and English languages, and in case of difference in the interpretation of the text, the English language text shall prevail.

**FOR THE GOVERNMENT OF THE  
FEDERATIVE REPUBLIC OF BRAZIL**

A blue ink signature of Mauro Vieira, written in a cursive style.

**Mauro Vieira**  
Minister of Foreign Affairs

**FOR THE GOVERNMENT OF THE  
KINGDOM OF DENMARK**

A black ink signature of Lars Løkke Rasmussen, written in a cursive style.

**Lars Løkke Rasmussen**  
Minister for Foreign Affairs